VUS8c: Prejudice and Discrimination

**What is Jim Crow?**

The attempt by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to re-claim the ante-bellum (pre-Civil War) social order.

**Reconstruction Fell Short**

\_\_\_ economic \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were made by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Political gains were only \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Reconstruction \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ guarantee African Americans of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rights

State governments found \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in 14th and 15th Amendments and passed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ laws

**Who was Jim Crow?**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was the name of a minstrel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who became associated with the "Black Codes” -which took away many of the rights which had been granted to Blacks through the 13th, 14th, and 15th Amendments

**The Black Codes**

Laws \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ African American \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

These laws limited property \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, regulated labor, denied legal rights in courts, established \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and upheld \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Purpose was to retain social structure of the South

**How did race relations in the South change?**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ against African Americans intensified and took new forms in the late nineteenth century and early twentieth century.

**Discrimination and segregation against African Americans**

Laws \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ African American \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

After \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, many Southern state governments passed “Jim Crow” laws forcing separation of the races in public places

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and crimes were directed against African Americans (\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_).

African Americans looked to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to safeguard their rights.

In 1896 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the Supreme Court ruled that “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ but \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” did not violate the 14th Amendment, upholding the “Jim Crow” laws of the era.

Facilities were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, but \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ equal.

During the late 19th and early 20th century, African Americans began the “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” to Northern cities in search of jobs and to escape poverty and discrimination in the South.

Jim Crow laws were not popular in the North, but the migrants still suffered from discrimination!

**Problems in the North**

African Americans faced \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and discrimination in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as well.

Confrontations with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ groups were a result of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for jobs.

De Facto segregation arose as African Americans settled in their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ethnic \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**African Americans disagreed about how to respond to the developments**

**Ida B. Wells**

She led an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ crusade and called on the federal government to take action.

Congress \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to make such a law, however a great deal of public awareness was raised!

**Booker T. Washington:**

He believed the way to equality was through vocational \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and economic success; he accepted social \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Economic success would precede social equality!

**W.E.B. Du Bois**

He believed that education was meaningless without \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

He supported political equality for African Americans by helping to form the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(NAACP).

**Wrap Up:**

The early years of response to “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” would be followed by a half-century of struggle known as the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_